



St. Xavier's College, Ranchi
An Autonomous College of Ranchi University
Entrance test syllabus 2025

| Syllabus | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Course | B.A. Economics |
| Eligibility | Eligibility for admission in B.A. Economics Hons. is: 50 % marks in aggregate in Science/Arts/Commerce at +2 Level. Student from all the three Streams can apply. |
| Question Pattern | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Full Marks = 100• Number of Objective Questions = 80 (1 marks each; No Negative Marks)• Number of Descriptive Questions = 2 (10 marks each) |
| Time | 2 Hours |

Syllabus for B.A. Economics entrance exam includes Economics of Class XIth & XIIth level which includes papers such as :-

1. Introduction to Microeconomics

- a. What is Microeconomics?
- b. Central problems
- c. Consumer Behaviour and Demand
 - i. Consumer's Equilibrium: meaning and attainment of equilibrium through Utility Approach: One and two commodity cases.
 - ii. Demand: market demand, determinants of demand, demand schedule, demand curve, movement along and shifts in the demand curve, price elasticity of demand, measurement of price elasticity of demand – percentage, total expenditure, and geometric methods

2. Introductory Macroeconomics

- a. Macroeconomics: meaning.
- b. Circular flow of income, concepts of GDP, GNP, NDP, NNP (at market price and factor cost).
- c. Measurement of National Income –Value Added method, Income method, and Expenditure method.
- d. Determination of Income and Employment
 - i. Aggregate demand, aggregate supply, and their components
 - ii. Meaning of involuntary unemployment and full employment
 - iii. Determination of income and employment: two-sector model
 - iv. Concept of investment multiplier and its working
 - v. Problems of excess and deficient demand
 - vi. Measures to correct excess and deficient demand – availability of credit, change in government spending
 - vii. Money and Banking

3. Government Budget and Economy

- a. Government budget – meaning and its components
- b. Objectives of government budget
- c. Classification of receipts – revenue and capital; classification of expenditure – revenue and capital, plan and non-plan, and developmental and non-developmental
- d. Balanced budget, surplus budget, and deficit budget: meaning and implications
- e. Revenue deficit, fiscal deficit, and primary deficit: meaning and implications; measures to contain different deficits.

4. Balance of Payments

- a. Balance of payments accounts – definition & components

5. Indian Economic

6. Basic Statistics (Class 11th level)

7. Basic Quantitative Aptitude